MK000068=G/427:G/469

Marker: G/427:G/469 Type: Codominant PCR Description: Reference: Euphytica 127: 353–365, 2002. PCR-based markers to differentiate the mitochondrial genomes of petaloid and male fertile carrot (Daucus carota L.) Inga C. Bach, Annette Olesen & Philipp W. Simon, atp9-d1 (a).....5'-GAAGGTGCAAAATCAATAGG-3' Primers: cmt-9 (b)5'-TACATGGACTTTAAATTGACTTCT-3' **PCR Reaction**: 20 μ l: [0.4 μ g/ml DNA=8 ng; 0.4 μ M each primer=8 pMol each; 0.025 U/ μ l Taq=0.5 U; 1.5 mM MgCl₂=30 nMol; 0.1 mM each dNTP=2 nMol] **PCR Program**: 94°C 2:00; 35 cycles of {94°C 1:00; 55°C 1:00; 72°C 2:30}; 72°C 7:00 Screening Method: Product size by agarose gel Product Sizes: 427 bp in Sp cytoplasm; 469 bp in N cytoplasm Example: Diagram of how it works: A atp9-Sp1



100 bp

Figure 3. Structures of the full-length atp9 genes and flanking regions in K826A (A) and K831B (B). The atp9-N1 gene had a 42 bp direct repeat downstream from the coding region, indicated by thin arrows, resulting in amplification products of 427 and 469 bp from K826A and K831B, respectively (Bars labeled G/427 and G/469). The annealing sites of the primers atp9-d1 (a) and cmt-9 (b) are illustrated by thick arrows. A single nucleotide substitution at the site of the stop codon in atp9-N1 resulted in extension of the atp9-Sp1 ORF.

Genbank reference: The DNA sequences of the atp9-Sp1 and atp9-N1 loci have been assigned GenBank Accession Nos. <u>AY007823</u> and <u>AY007822</u>, respectively.

Sequence Information: Map Location: Published Reference: Other Information: Primer Location (lab specific): Box 0 X0 PCR Program Name (lab specific):